# MASSAGE THERAPY FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

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Code of Ethics Clarifications

Draping

What is considered proper “draping”? 
Neither the Act nor the Board's Rules & Regulations defines the term "draping."
However, the therapist's responsibility to "provide and use draping" is clearly stated in
the Act § 73-67-31 (1)(j), in Rules 7.5.A.10 and 14, and in the Board's code of ethics item
#7. Further, in Rule 11.1.C, every massage establishment is obligated to provide sanitary
linens (draping) for each client. Hence, modesty clothing that the client brings to the
session (e.g., underwear, swimsuit, shorts and t-shirt, etc.) cannot be construed as draping.
The code of ethics item #7 describes the purpose of draping as to "ensure the safety,
comfort and privacy of the client." It is incumbent on the schools to teach draping in a
manner that is consistent with this purpose, including "draping and turning" as described
in the educational requirements of the Act § 73-67-35 (2)(c) and of Rule 4.2.B.1.c.

CPR / First Aid Requirements

With the new MSBMT Rules and Regulations that go into effect April 10, 2009, what
type of CPR and First Aid Certifications are acceptable?
The only acceptable CPR and First Aid courses are those that are approved by the
American Heart Association or the American Red Cross or The American Safety and
Health Institute (1/30/2014). These are practical ‘hands-on’ courses. Cognitive training
courses such as on-line courses are not acceptable. (4/10/99)
Up until May 31, 2013 MSBMT has previously required only ‘hands-on’ for CPR and
First Aid renewals. In 2013 the American Heart Association’s renewal includes an online
component for CPR / First Aid certification renewal. This renewal then requires practice
on a live body and a live hand-on skills test prior to receiving their renewal certificate.
The MSBMT approved a modification to include acceptance of this online component on
6/1/2013.
Are LMT’s required to have both child and adult CPR to meet the renewal licensing
requirements?
The adult course will suffice; however any additional training would be up to the LMT.
Can Mississippi CEU Providers who are also CPR / First Aid Instructors advertise on
the MSBMT website.
Since CPR and First Aid do not fit the definition of a program presented for Mississippi
CEU credit, then the Mississippi Approved Provider cannot advertise on the CEU
Approved Program Listing on the MSBMT website. If an approved provider wants to
separately teach as a non-continuing education provider, then they can do so without any
interaction with the Board.
Note: Refer to the location of CPR / First Aid course availability under the Licensure tab
of our website which provides accessibility to all approved CPR / First Aid providers and
program information. 4/23/2013
Documentation Requirements

SOAP Notes

What is a therapist’s responsibility to maintain SOAP notes under the Mississippi Professional Massage Therapy Act and the MSBMT Rules and Regulations?

§ 73-67-31.(1)(e) of the MS Professional Massage Therapy Act and Rule 7.5.A.5 state the massage therapist’s responsibility to: "Keep accurate and up-to-date records regarding a client’s condition before and after massage therapy session in cases of a client being treated for a specific condition. Public, sports and on-site seated massage sessions are exempt from documentation; sports massage sessions are exempt from post event documentation."

The Board interprets the phrase "in cases of a client being treated for a specific condition" to apply regardless of the modality employed (e.g., Swedish, deep tissue, neuromuscular, cranio-sacral, manual lymph drainage, etc.). SOAP charts or similar documentation are kept for clients who request massage in conjunction with a specific condition including, but not limited to:

1. any client's self-reported complaint of pain/discomfort or tension or limitation in range of motion related to soft tissue
2. any soft-tissue conditions identified by the therapist and evaluated / treated in the course of the massage, even if the client did not self-report that specific condition or only requested "relaxation"
3. a medically-diagnosed condition
4. an accident, injury or trauma
5. post-surgical recovery
6. a valid medical prescription or medical orders for massage from a licensed healthcare worker

Intake Forms

Is the client required to complete the client intake form?

Except for public, sports, and on-site seated massage sessions, which are exempt from documentation, a client health history / intake is required for each client. The client may fill out the health history / intake form or the therapist may fill out the form based on a verbal interview with the client. The applicable sections of the Rules & Regulations are:

- 7.5.A.4 Obtain and keep an overview or profile of the client's state of being and health history and discuss any problem areas that may contraindicate massage [identical to Sec 73-67-31(1)(d)]
- 7.5.C Client intake forms must be signed and dated by the massage therapist and must comply with all Federal and State regulations including but not limited to HIPPA.

Exemptions Questions

Chiropractic - Scope of Practice

What is the major difference between the Massage Therapy Scope of Practice and the Chiropractic Scope of Practice?
The Massage Therapy Scope of Practice excludes osseous tissue manipulation or adjustment. Osseous tissue is bone. This states that we are not chiropractors and do not adjust bones or perform ‘manipulations’ as defined in the Chiropractic Scope of Practice. Massage Therapist are all about muscles. Although muscles affect bones, our intent must be to affect muscles surrounding or attached to bones.

**Cosmetologist**

*Can a cosmetologist do ‘massage’ from the neck up (chair massage)?*

A cosmetologist can ‘rub’ from the neck up simultaneously with the treatment of the face/neck. Example: while doing a facial, NOT a chair massage which obviously is performed with the client’s face in a cradle. The same would apply for up to the elbow for manicures and up to the knee for pedicures. The cosmetologist scope of practice includes facials, manicures and pedicures and they can rub adjacent areas described above to make the experience more enjoyable. That must be their intent and practice. They may not perform ‘massage’ singularly as the intent without being licensed by MSBMT.

**Nurses / Nurse Practitioners / Nurse Assistants**

*Do nurses have to be licensed by the Board of Massage Therapy to practice massage?*

Nurses do not need to be licensed as massage therapists when touching their patients within their scope of practice. However, no one may perform and charge individually for a massage or any technique that moves soft tissue unless they are licensed as a massage therapist with the State Board or otherwise licensed and authorized by law.

*Can a nurse who is a physician’s assistant perform acupressure under the direction of a physician?*

Acupressure is considered a modality that requires a massage therapy license under the Mississippi Professional Massage Therapy Act. The Act states the following exemption from the massage therapy licensure: § 73-67-5. Exemptions (1) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to the following: (a) persons state licensed, state registered, state certified, or otherwise state credentialed by the laws of this state to include massage as part of their practice, or other allied modalities that are certified by a nationally accredited organization recognized by the board. Any exemption granted under this section is effective only insofar as and to the extent that the bona fide practice of the profession or business of the person exempted overlaps into the field comprehended by this law, and exemptions under this section are only for those activities that are currently authorized and performed in the course of the bona fide practice of the business or profession of the person exempt.

MSBMT has interpreted this to mean such health care workers as physicians and nurses do not need to be licensed as massage therapists when touching their patients within their scope of practice. However, no one may perform and charge individually for a massage or any technique that moves soft tissue unless they are licensed as a massage therapist with the State Board or otherwise licensed and authorized by law. Note that the exemption is applicable to the person actually performing the activity, and does not
include the performance by a non-exempt person when supervised by an exempt person. Furthermore, one would have to validate that the scope of practice for the physician's assistant includes such an activity as acupressure. 7/27/2016

**Physicians**

*Do doctors have to be licensed by the Board of Massage Therapy to practice massage?*

Doctors do not need to be licensed as massage therapists when touching their patients within their scope of practice. However, no one may perform and charge individually for a massage or any technique that moves soft tissue unless they are licensed as a massage therapist with the State Board or otherwise licensed and authorized by law.

**Physical Therapist**

*Are physical therapist allowed to perform massage therapy without a license?*

Those professions who are exempt by state statute (§73-67-5(1) (a)) are allowed to perform massage therapy in the course of their regular practice. They may not advertise or practice massage therapy as a single modality outside of their exempt practice. Example: A physical therapist may not practice ‘on the side’ as a massage therapist without first obtaining a massage therapy license.

**Licensure Clarifications**

**Code of Ethics Placement Requirements**

*Can MSBMT provide a clearer definition of ‘prominently displayed’?* ‘Prominently’ is defined as ‘immediately noticeable conspicuous’. In relation to a location license, the license should be ‘immediately noticeable’ to the clients and inspectors as they enter the establishment along with the Code of Ethics. In the instance of a tournament or other establishment event, the original location licenses may be contained in a binder at the location that massage therapy will be performed. MSBMT recommends that if your questions relates to a Mobile Therapist Card, this MTC be placed in a clear name tag holder and affixed to your person, such as a work ID required by hospital personnel. 5.27.09

**Expiration**

*The expiration date of my license is May 31st, can I practice legally on May 31st?*

YES. According to Chapter 6. Section 6.1.F.Massage therapist may renew licenses online. The licensee is not excused from paying late fees or other consequences of license expiration due to the unavailability of the on-line renewal method on the last working day or any holiday or weekend day for state employees prior to the license expiration, or failure of the licensee to complete the on-line renewal process prior to midnight on the last day for which the license is active. All other provisions of renewal will apply. The license would expire at 11:59 p.m. (night) and the last day that you could practice legally would be May 31st.

**Foreign Soil - Education Received**

*How do I obtain a Mississippi license if I have been trained (attended school) on foreign soil?*
You are responsible for requesting a certified copy of your school transcript, a curriculum verification form and a school handbook to be sent from your school directly to the Mississippi Board Office. Your transcript will be reviewed by the Board to insure adequate level of training. You will be required to take the Mississippi, National or other recognized examination for licensure. If you desire to obtain a Mississippi license and have held a license in another U.S. state for 3 years or more, you may follow the Rules regarding Reciprocity, Rule 4.5. If you held a license in another country, you must follow the Rules for 1st time applicants. These Rules may be located on the website under the section entitled ‘Licensure’.

**Grandfather Provisions**

*If a person who was grandfathered in chooses to let their license expire due to health reasons, can they be reactivated sometime in the future under the grandfather provision?*

No. If they allow their license to expire, regardless of the circumstances, they will have to apply as a new applicant and meet all the requirements as a new application under the law and rules at the time the application is made. They would probably prefer to go INACTIVE as they can remain in this status for up to 3 years before becoming expired which may require additional educational hours after you have been in the expired status for 3 years. They may also prefer go into a RETIRED status (offered as of 4/10/09). They may remain in this status for an indefinite period of time. CEU requirements and reapplication fees will be required upon returning to active status. See web site for more information.

**How Long Does It Take to Receive My License?**

*Approximately how long does it take to receive a massage therapy license once application is made?*

Under Section 73-67-15 (d) of the Mississippi law, MSBMT is required to……”advise applicants as to the acceptance or denial of licensure with any reasons for denial within forty-five (45) days”. Regulation 4.1 G. states “the Board must receive a complete application packet, fees, and official transcript(s) by the established application deadline for the application to be considered for licensure at the next regularly scheduled Board Meeting. The Application to sit for the Exam is NOT the Application for Licensure. Please refer to [www.msbmt.state.ms.us](http://www.msbmt.state.ms.us) for more information.

**Indian Reservation Licensure Requirements**

*If you work as a massage therapist on the Choctaw Reservation are you required to have a Mississippi Massage Therapy license?*

You are not under the jurisdiction of MSBMT; however from a liability standpoint you may wish to carry a license with the Reservation’s address. Your client may also desire validation that you have been properly training as a MT.

**License Placement Requirements**
Can MSBMT provide a clearer definition of ‘prominently displayed’? ‘Prominently’ is defined as ‘immediately noticeable conspicuous’. In relation to a location license, the license should be ‘immediately noticeable’ to the clients and inspectors as they enter the establishment along with the Code of Ethics. In the instance of a tournament or other establishment event, the original location licenses may be contained in a binder at the location that massage therapy will be performed. MSBMT recommends that if your questions relates to a Mobile Therapist Card, this MTC be placed in a clear name tag holder and affixed to your person, such as a work ID required by hospital personnel.

What happens if more than one (1) therapist works in a room? Should everyone who works in that room have a license posted in that room?
If the original licenses are ‘prominently displayed’ to all clients who enter the establishment, this should not be an issue. It is not recommended that license be kept in the therapy room.

Mobile Therapist Card Requirements with Home Based Business

Am I required to have a license with my home address in order to request a Mobile Therapist Card (MTC)?
No. A Mobile Therapist Card is simply an extension of your existing license. You will receive a mobile therapist card with each renewal. You only need one. The MTC will not have a location on the card – just your name, your license number, the original date of issue and the expiration. If you need a replacement MTC, you may request one by going to the “Change Information” tab on our website. The last box will be a drop-down menu. Print this form off and send it to the MSBMT Office at Post Office Box 20, Morton, MS 39117 along with a $10.00 money order. If it is a replacement you will need to return your old one. However, remember that under Section 6.3.A of the Mississippi Rules and Regs, ‘each licensee shall have a current wall certificate attesting to the licensee’s title as a MS Licensed Massage Therapist at each place of business where massage therapy is practiced. Multiple wall licenses must be obtained from the Board.

When do I need to request a Mobile Therapist Card?
A Mobile Therapist Card is an extension of your existing license. You will receive a MTC with each renewal. This would be needed for any LMT who may work offsite at any place, i.e., track meets, out calls to residences, and includes the lobby of a casino. However, if services are going to be performed in a spa location within the casino, a location license certificate must be displayed in a prominent location.

Reapplication Procedures

Expired More than Three Years
My MS massage therapy license has been expired for more than 3 years, so I am reapplying as if I am a completely new applicant. Since I was previously licensed, the required hours of massage therapy school training has increased, and I how have to go back to massage school to make up the difference in hours. Do I also have to take continuing education hours totaling 12 hours for each year since my last renewal? (6/27/2013)
If a massage therapist’s license has been expired/lapsed without paying the required renewal fees for more than 3 years, the Board will calculate the number of the hours under both Rule 6.1.H and Rule 6.1.K. The Board will require the larger of the two calculated numbers of hours, and not the sum of the two calculated numbers.

Rule 6.1.H requires the massage therapist to accumulate the continuing education hours (12 hours per year) that would have been applicable if the therapist had remained on “Active” status. This includes the 2 years when the therapist last held an “Active” license plus each year after the therapist failed to pay renewal fees.

Rule 6.1.K requires the massage therapist to meet current licensing requirements, which may include more hours of training documented on a massage school transcript than the therapist had when she/he previously held an “Active” status. To satisfy current licensing requirements, the therapist may have to document all or a portion of the required hours under this FAQ through a massage school transcript.

**Examples:**

1. A therapist, who has had an “Expired” status for 5 years, previously was licensed with a massage school transcript of 610 hours, but the current licensing requirement is a massage school transcript of 700 hours. Under Rule 6.1.H, the therapist would need:

   \[(12 \text{ CE hours/year}) \times (2 \text{ years “Active”} + 5 \text{ years “Expired”}) = 84 \text{ CE hours.}\n
Under Rule 6.1.K, the therapist would need 700 – 610 = 90 hours of additional training on a massage school transcript.

   The Board will require the larger of the calculated amounts (the massage school training):

   **90 hours massage school > 84 CE hours**

2. A therapist, who has had an “Expired” status for 4 years, previously was licensed with a massage school transcript of 650 hours, but the current licensing requirement is a massage school transcript of 700 hours. Under Rule 6.1.H, the therapist would need: (12 CE hours/year) \times (2 \text{ years “Active”} + 4 \text{ years “Expired”}) = 72 CE hours.

Under Rule 6.1.K, the therapist would need:

   \[700 – 650 = 50 \text{ hours of additional training on a massage school transcript.}\n
   The Board will require the larger of the calculated amounts – 72 hours; however, a minimum of 50 of those hours must be satisfied through obtaining additional massage school education to meet current licensing requirements for new applicants and be reflected on a school’s transcript:

   \[
   \begin{align*}
   50 \text{ hours} & \quad \text{transcript of massage school additional education} \\
   22 \text{ hours} & \quad \text{continuing education courses} \\
   72 \text{ hours} & \quad \text{total}
   \end{align*}
   \]
You will also be required to meet all other requirements as a new applicant under
the current law at the time of re-activation. However, you may request that the
Board allow you to retain your existing (previous) LMT number.

**Specialty Licenses**

*Does the Mississippi State Board of Massage Therapy issued ‘Specialty’ Licenses?*

No. When students graduate and become licensed as massage therapist, they are
considered entry level MT’s. In order to hold oneself as a ‘specialist’ in a particular
modality, one must take additional coursework and be certified by the recognized
association or board of that modality, ie; though Reflexology is taught in massage school
one does not advertise themselves as a ‘Reflexologist’ or claim to specialize in
Reflexology unless certified by the Reflexology Institute or similar organization. This
board does not recognize ‘specialties’. A licensed massage therapist is a licensed
massage therapist. It is up to the licensed massage therapist to obtain adequate specialty
training for your client’s satisfaction. Refer to the Rules and Regulations, Section 7.5.A.
which states ‘perform only those services for which they are qualified and which
represent their training and education.’

**Medical Billing**

*(MSBMT does not have jurisdiction over insurance matters - this is provided for
informational purposes only)*

*How do I apply for a National Provider Identifier for use when billing and
communicating with an insurance company?*

You will need a National Provider Identifier (NPI) if you are covered entity under
HIPAA (transmit health care records electronically). Electronically transmitting health
care billing or payment information or encounter information (SOAP charts) would mean
that HIPAA applies to you, with all of the other requirements associated with that law.
Health care providers, who are not covered entities because they do not transmit
information electronically using the standards adopted under HIPAA, are not required to
obtain an NPI, but are not prohibited from doing so, and in some cases are encouraged to
do so, as that number may be required for billing purposes by another provider to whom a
referral has been made. If a non-covered health care provider obtains an NPI, it does not
make him or her a covered entity.

The NPI is all numeric and is 10 positions in length: the first 9 positions are the identifier
and the last position is a check digit. The check digit helps detect invalid NPIs. There is
no embedded intelligence in the NPI with respect to the health care provider that it
identifies.

Health care providers can apply for NPIs in one of three ways:

- For the most efficient application processing and the fastest receipt of NPIs, use
  the web-based application process. Simply log onto the National Plan and
Provider Enumeration System (NPPES) and apply online (see Related links inside CMS)

- Health care providers can agree to have an Electronic File Interchange (EFI) organization (EFIO) submit application data on their behalf (i.e., through a bulk enumeration process) if an EFIO requests their permission to do so. Health care providers may wish to obtain a copy of the paper NPI Application/Update Form (CMS-10114) and mail the completed, signed application to the NPI Enumerator located in Fargo, ND, whereby staff at the NPI Enumerator will enter the application data into NPPES. This form is now available for download from the CMS website or by request from the NPI Enumerator. Health care providers who wish to obtain a copy of this form from the NPI Enumerator may do so in any of these ways:
  - Phone: 1-800-465-3203 or TTY 1-800-692-2326
  - E-mail: customerservice@npienumerator.com
  - Mail: NPI Enumerator
    P.O. Box 6059
    Fargo, ND 58108-6059

You might try this link [http://nppes.cms.hhs.gov/NPPES/Welcome.do](http://nppes.cms.hhs.gov/NPPES/Welcome.do) to obtain an NPI.

**Modality Practice**

**Breast Massage**

*Is breast massage legal in Mississippi?*

Breast massage is not illegal in Mississippi, however due to the sensitivity of the procedure, it carries rules and responsibilities. See Rules and Regulations, Section 705.A. which states ‘perform only those services for which they are qualified and which represent their training and education.’ Also refer to MSBMT Code of Ethics which state that a LMT must ‘represent their qualifications honestly, including education and professional affiliations, and provide only those services, which they are qualified to perform’; ‘provide draping and treatment in a way that ensures the safety, comfort and privacy of the client. Provide and use draping to cover all genitalia and female breast unless prior written consent is given for breast massage’ and ‘Respect the client’s right to refuse, modify, or terminate therapy regardless of prior consent given’.

**Craniosacral Therapy**

*Are Mississippi LMT’s able to practice Craniosacral therapy?*

Yes, craniosacral therapy is a Mississippi approved modality. Item # 1 of the Mississippi State Board of Massage Therapy Code of Ethics requires that an LMT “represent their qualifications honestly, including education and professional affiliations, and provide only those services, which they are qualified to perform”.

**Equine Therapy**

*Does a license for massage therapy include equine therapy?*
The Massage Therapy Scope of Practice does not define who or what we work on. However it does address that the LMT only perform in areas which they are adequately trained. Refer to the Rules and Regulations, Section 7.5.A. which states ‘perform only those services for which they are qualified and which represent their training and education.’

**Facials, Body Wraps and Body Scrubs**

*Can licensed massage therapists do facials, body wraps and body scrubs?*

Licensed massage therapists are trained to do massage and the face and body are part of that training. Licensed massage therapists can do and advertise “facial massage”, “body wraps” and “body scrubs”. Massage therapists are allowed per § 73-67-7 to perform allied modalities, and apply heat, cold, water, and topical preparations not classified as prescription drugs. Licensed massage therapists do not use extractions or anything that may pierce the skin.

**Fire Cupping**

*What’s the MSBMT policy regarding Fire Cupping?*

The definition of “Massage Therapy” includes the use of applied allied modalities, heat, cold, water and topical preparations not classified as prescription drugs used adjunctively with movement of soft tissues and applying manual touch and pressure to the body. The Code of Ethics require that a licensed massage therapy professional “represent your qualifications honestly, including education and professional affiliations” and “provide only those services which you are qualified to perform” and “accurately inform clients, other health care practitioners and the public of the scope and limitations of your discipline”. Fire cupping may be performed if the LMT meets the Rules and Code as specified above. 5/24/2016

**Hand Held Devices**

*Can I use hand held tools such as electrical hand massagers?*

The Act [§73-67-7 (g)] and the Mississippi State Board of Massage Therapy Rules and Regulations [Rule 1.4.K] will allow the use of hand held tools such as electrical hand massagers used adjunctively to the application of hand massage.... The MSBMT Rules and Regulations [Rule 7.5.A.12] require that a massage therapists prior to the use of electrical hand held massagers, must obtain Board approved education regarding use and contraindication for use of such instruments. The massage therapist should document the education, send it to the Board, and request a device specific approval of the education prior to using this device, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. the manufacturer and model of the electrical hand held massager;
2. how the education was obtained (e.g., either self-study, or via classroom / distance learning, including the name and qualifications of the person providing the instruction);
3. the specific learning objectives covered in the education (e.g., modes of operation of the device, appropriate uses for the electrical hand massager on a client’s tissue, contraindications for use of the electrical hand massager on a client, sanitation for the electrical hand massager, etc.);
4. the resources that were used in the education training (e.g., user manual from the manufacturer, written training materials, one-on-one instruction from a knowledgeable user, etc.);
5. the means (e.g., oral or written exam, practical demonstration, etc.) used to assess the massage therapist’s comprehensive understanding of the education material; and
6. the approximate duration of the education training.

NOTE: If a different device is added or replaced, all of the above requirements must be submitted to MSBMT for approval.
The above referenced training does not qualify for continuing education credit with the Board unless the Board has previously approved a provider / program for specific training.

Kenesio Taping

Is kinesio taping method a modality of practice?
Kenesio taping is a method and not considered a modality and is an adjunct therapy similar to stretching.

Microdermal Abrasion / Extractions

Can a Mississippi licensed massage therapist perform micro dermal abrasion / extractions during a facial massage if trained?
No. You may only perform these services if licensed as an esthetician.

Pet Therapy

Does a license for massage therapy include pet therapy?
The Massage Therapy Scope of Practice does not define who or what we work on. However it does address that the LMT only perform in areas which they are adequately trained. Refer to the Rules and Regulations, Section 7.5.A. which states ‘perform only those services for which they are qualified and which represent their training and education.’

Reflexology

Do I have to be licensed with the Board of Massage Therapy to practice Reflexology?
Reflexology is part of the basic required massage therapy curriculum. You must be licensed by the MSBMT to practice any modality that moves soft tissue, reflexology included.

Reiki

Can I practice Reiki in Mississippi without a Massage Therapy license?
YES. ONLY if you practice the modality of Reiki independent of any other modality as no touch or manipulation of the client’s soft tissue is involved.

NO. If you are practicing Reiki with any other form / modality of massage or bodywork, then a Mississippi massage therapy license is required because the other modalities which involve touch or manipulation of the client’s soft tissue is being performed. 10.3.2013

**Rolfing**

*Are Mississippi LMT’s able to practice Rolfing or Structural Integration therapy?*

Rolfing is an alternative medical treatment marketed by the Rolf Institute of Structural Integration (RISI). The Institute states that Rolfing is a "holistic system of soft tissue manipulation and movement education that organize(s) the whole body in gravity".

Rolfing is essentially identical to Structural Integration. The Mississippi Professional Massage Therapy Act, Rule 1.4.K states:

K. “Massage” means touch, stroking, kneading, stretching, friction, percussion and vibration, and includes holding, positioning, *causing movement of the soft tissues* and applying manual touch and pressure to the body (excluding an osseous tissue manipulation or adjustment). “Therapy” means action aimed at achieving or increasing health and wellness. “Massage therapy” means the profession in which the practitioner applies massage techniques with the intent of positively affecting the health and well-being of the client, and may adjunctively (i) apply allied modalities, heat, cold, water and topical preparations not classified as prescription drugs, (ii) use hand held tools such as electrical hand massagers used adjunctively to the application of hand massage or devices designed as t-bars or knobbies, and (iii) instruct self care and stress management. “Manual” means by use of hand or body. Therefore, anyone practicing "rolfing", unless they fall under the exemptions stated in Rule 7.2, MUST HAVE A MISSISSIPPI MASSAGE THERAPY LICENSE. 3/18/2015

**Shiatsu vs Acupressure - for School Instructor Inquiry**

The Board has determined that acupressure is a family of different modalities, based on Eastern methods of massage that focus on specific points along meridians of the body and energy. Tui Na is a form of acupressure derived from Chinese traditions. If Shiatsu and Acupressure are being taught as the same material, there is no need for both courses. If they are being used in a curriculum to provide different forms of Eastern modality in each course, even though there may be significant overlap between the two. 3/4/2016

**Muscle Activation Technique (MAT)**

MAT - Muscle Activation Technique. Although a component of MAT is exercise by the client 2 or 3 times a day for a number of weeks; spending time with the practitioner is a big part of MAT which involves palpation of muscles, a form of muscle testing using isometric contractions, and cross-fiber friction of the muscle attachments, and a technique like digital pressure, but regardless, a hands-on technique at the origins and insertions of the muscle exist. As such, the *soft-tissue work the MAT practitioner does would qualify under the MS definition of massage* in § 73-67-7.(g), (to the degree that the
practitioner is not otherwise credentialed with a scope that is exempt from licensure under § 73-67-5):

"Massage" means touch, stroking, kneading, stretching, friction, percussion and vibration, and includes holding, positioning, causing movement of the soft tissues and applying manual touch and pressure to the body (excluding an osseous tissue manipulation or adjustment). "Therapy" means action aimed at achieving or increasing health and wellness. "Massage therapy" means the profession in which the practitioner applies massage techniques with the intent of positively affecting the health and well-being of the client, and may adjunctively ... (iii) instruct self-care and stress management. "Manual" means by use of hand or body.

Although MAT is often marketed to those with "a background and degree in the exercise, sport science, biology, and anatomy fields and those with professional and academic experience in various fields within the exercise continuum."; athletic trainers and occupational therapists (licensed under the MS Dept of Health), physical therapists (licensed under the MS State Board of Physical Therapy), and medical doctors (licensed under the MS Board of Medical Licensure) would be the appropriate allied health professionals who are exempt.

**MSBMT has indicated that MAT requires a massage license. 9/28/2017**

**Gua Sha Massage**

Gua sha is a healing technique of traditional East Asian medicine. Sometimes called ‘coining, spooning or scraping’, Gua sha is defined as instrument-assisted unidirectional press-stroking of a lubricated area of the body surface to intentionally create transitory therapeutic petechiae called ‘sha’ representing extravasation of blood in the subcutis. Raising sha removes blood stagnation considered pathogenic in traditional East Asian medicine.

**MSBMT has indicated that Gua Sha massage is within the scope of practice of a licensed massage therapist if the Code of Ethics, Item 1 is met - represent their qualifications honestly, including education and professional affiliations, and provide ONLY those services, which they are qualified to perform.**